



# StatCan Key Indicators

This tutorial will examine some of Statistics Canada's Key Indicators.

Key Indicators are usually the most important statistics that are updated monthly or on a regular schedule.

They often have to do with the economy.

These include stats like the unemployment rate, consumer price index, and Canadian trade balance.

Begin at the StatCan webpage.

The Key Indicators are shown right away on the front page.

Here we can see Quarterly Population Estimate, Real GDP, etc.



▶ More key indicators

You can click on **More Key Indicators** to expand the list to show more.

▼ More key indicators

Industrial Product Price Index

(November 2018)

**-0.8%** ↓  
(monthly change)

Retail sales

(October 2018)

**\$51.0 billion**  
**0.3%** ↑  
(monthly change)

Manufacturing sales

**\$58.2 billion**

We can now see Average Weekly Earnings and Manufacturing Sales among others.

Here, you can see important results from recent surveys such as *Average Weekly Earnings*, *Trade Balance*, and *Crime Severity Index*.

Crime Severity Index

(2017)

**72.9**  
**1.6%** ↑  
(annual change)

Click on **Crime Severity Index** to explore it further.



Here, there is a more thorough breakdown of the data such as a breakdown by province and territory, rural versus urban and a description of specific crimes.

**The Daily** Q

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## Police-reported crime statistics, 2017

**Text** | Tables | Related information | Previous release | PDF (251 KB)

Released: 2018-07-23

Police-reported crime in Canada, as measured by both the crime rate and the Crime Severity Index (CSI), increased for the third consecutive year in 2017. The national crime rate rose 1%, while the police-reported CSI increased 2%. This was the third consecutive increase in the CSI following an 11-year downward trend from 2003 to 2014. The CSI is a measure of police-reported crime that takes into account both the volume and severity of crime.

Most of Canada's provinces and territories reported increases in their CSI in 2017. The exceptions were Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. From 2016 to 2017, more than half of Canada's census metropolitan areas (CMAs) reported increases in their CSI.

The 2% increase in the national CSI from 2016 to 2017 was the result of increases in numerous offences. Most notably, there were increases in the rate of police-reported incidents of sexual assault (level 1) (+13%), possession of stolen property (+15%), motor vehicle theft (+6%) and homicide (+7%). Combined, these offences accounted for just under half of the increase in the CSI.

Overall, Canadian police services reported over 1.9 million *Criminal Code* incidents (excluding traffic) in 2017,

Canada

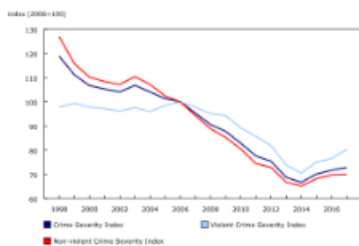
Item 1 of 5 | Pause

**Crime Severity Index — Canada**

**72.9**  
2017

**1.6%** ↑  
(annual change)

**Chart 1**  
Police-reported crime severity indexes, 1998 to 2017



Additionally, there are quick graphs to view specific trends in the data.

**Chart 2**

## Police-Rep

**Text** | Tables | Relat

Click on **Tables**.



You will be given a list of data tables related to the topic.

## Police-reported crime statistics, 2017

Text **Tables** Related information Previous release PDF (251 KB)

Q Search...

Showing 1 to 18 of 18 entries

- Crime severity index and weighted clearance rates (annual)**  
 (35-10-0026-01) ➔
- Crime severity index and weighted clearance rates, police services in Saskatchewan (annual)**  
 (35-10-0061-01) ➔
- Crime severity index and weighted clearance rates, police services in British Columbia (annual)**  
 (35-10-0063-01) ➔

Click on the first one: **Crime Severity Index and Weighted Clearance Rates.**

Showing 1 to 18 of 18 entries

- Crime severity index and weighted clearance rates (annual)**  
 (35-10-0026-01) ➔

You now have a data table showing the crime severity index broken down into statistics such as the overall crime severity index, non-violent crime, youth crime, and more.

## Crime severity index and weighted clearance rates<sup>1 2 3 4</sup>

Frequency: Annual

Table: 35-10-0026-01 (formerly CANSIM 252-0052)

Geography: Canada, Census metropolitan area, Census metropolitan area part, Province or territory

Save my selections

How to use the data tables

Tips on data tables for CANSIM users

Help

Geography<sup>3 5</sup>

Canada Apply

Add/Remove reference period

Add/Remove data ⓘ

Download options

Canada (map) <sup>6</sup>					
Statistics	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Index				




In this table, you can change the Geography or the Reference Period to add or remove years.

**Geography** <sup>3</sup> <sup>5</sup>

Canada ▼ **Apply**

- Canada
- Newfoundland and Labrador [10]
- St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador [10001]
- Prince Edward Island [11]

To download the table, click **Download Options** and choose the file format.

 **Download options**

Download options

Using the Key Indicators can help you more easily find important and more recent data.

For more information contact Data Services

<https://library.carleton.ca/find/data>

[dataservices@carleton.ca](mailto:dataservices@carleton.ca)

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